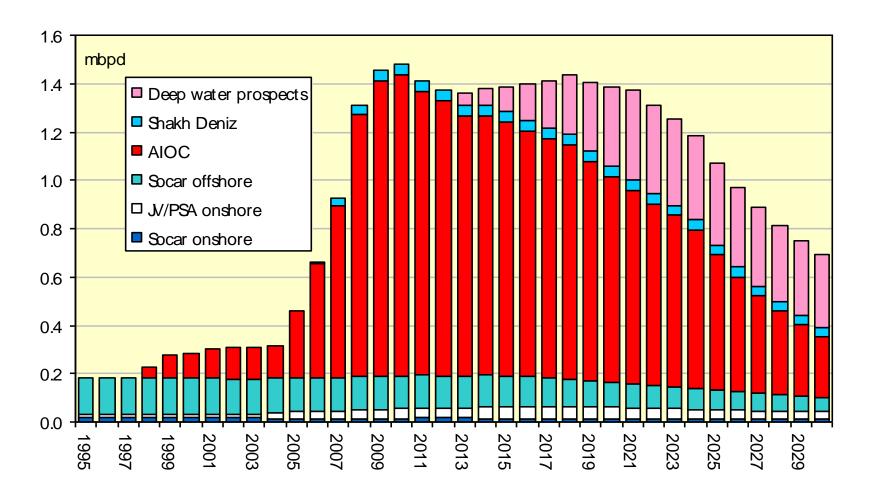
Green economy challenge in oil abundant country

Azerbaijan case

November 25, 2011 Dr. Ingilab Ahmadov

Azerbaijan outlook

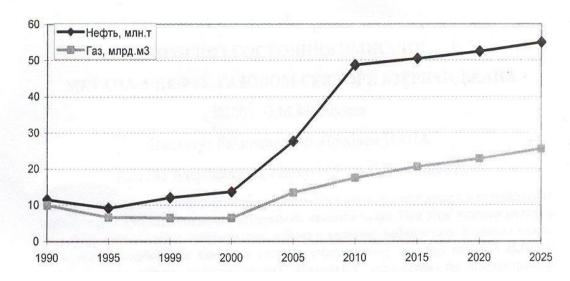
Oil production outlook for Azerbaijan



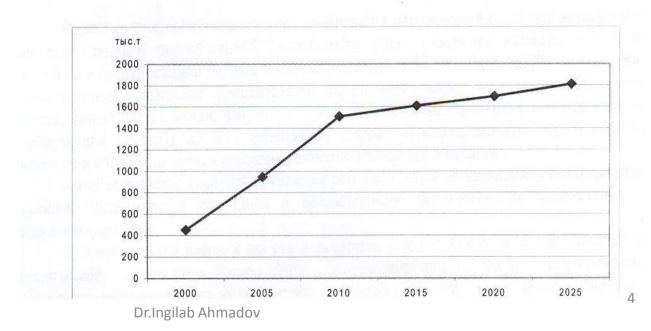


The Baku-Tbilisi-Ceyhan pipeline

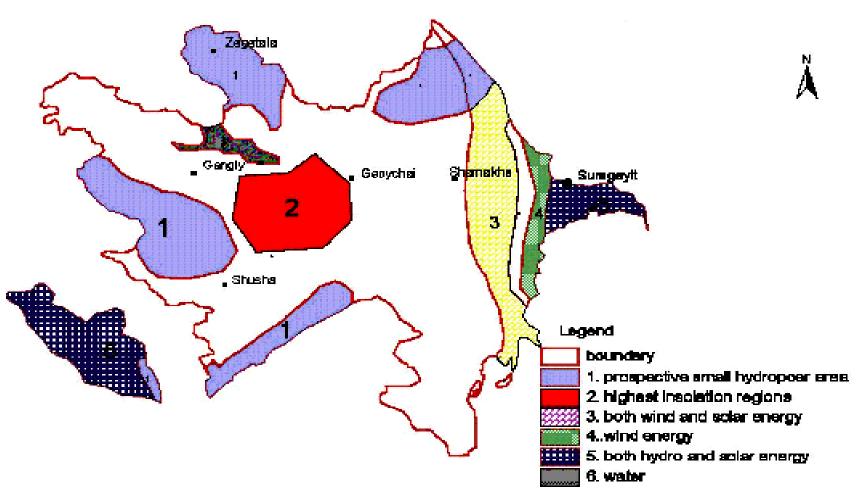
Hydrocarbon production



Methane emission

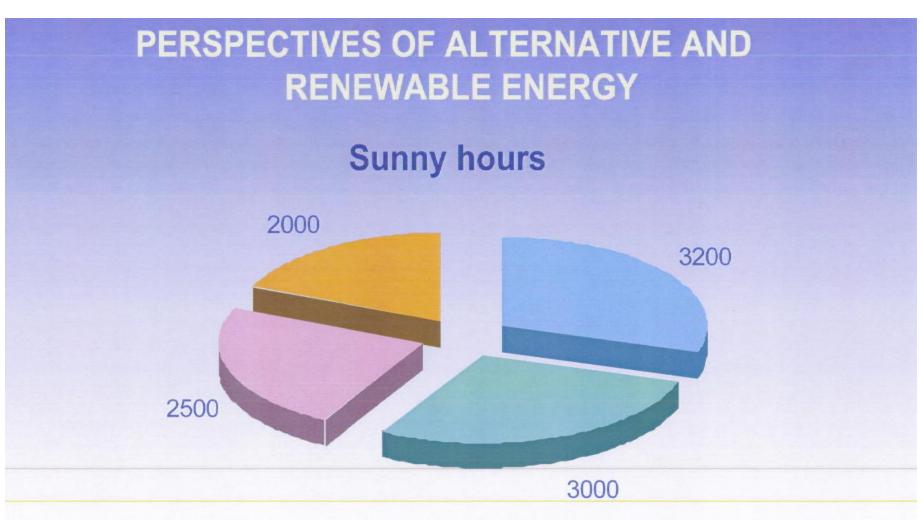


The map of renewable energy resources of Azerbaijan



Renewable energy resources of Azerbaijan

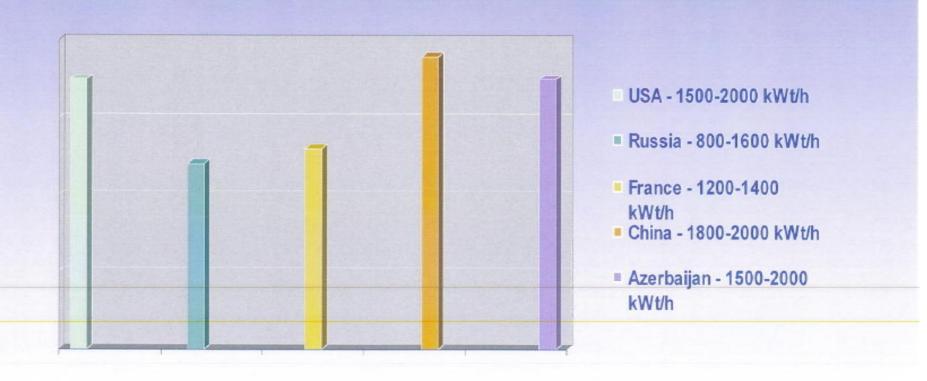
- The number of sunny days-250 per annum: changing from 2210 to 2700 hours and from 865 to 1000 hours in summer and winter periods, respectively. In some regions, the quantity of annual solar radiation is about 4.7 kVt.s/m2/day. The highest insolation has been observed in Absheron peninsula and Nakhichivan Autonomous Republic territory
- Wind energy reserve -up to 4 mln. kVt. helectricity
- Hydro energy potencial, including 5 billion kVt.h of small-hydro potential up to 16 billion kVt.h
- Biomass potential -14.400 km of the republic's territory





PERSPECTIVES OF ALTERNATIVE AND RENEWABLE ENERGY

Solar energy amount for 1 sq.m area



Country Strategic Goals in Renewable Energy Development: Target and Divisions

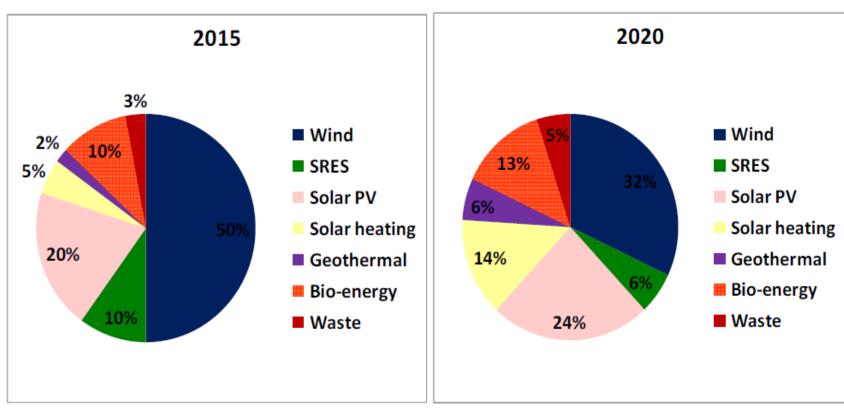


Figure 6: Strategic Goals for RES Development in Azerbaijan for 2015 and 2020, March 2011

Source: SAARES, arch 2011

Most windy areas of Azerbaijan

- Apsheron peninsula
- Caspian Sea cost areas
- West of Azerbaijan (Ganja-Dashkasan region)
- Nakhchivan, Sharur-Julfa regions

Perspectives of wind energy

- Annual wind energy reserve in Azerbaijan-800MWt;
- Or about 2.4 GWt/h per year;
- The saving will amount to 1million tons of conditional fuel per year

Working of wind turbines

- About 250 days per year is windy around Baku city.
- We need at least 2m/sec wind speed for the working of wind turbines.
- We need the minimum 3.6 m/sec wind speed for the production of electrical energy.

Solar Energy

Advantages

- Harmless in ecological side;
- Technologically simple in using;
- Profitable.

Small hydropower plants

Advantages

- Cheap technologies;
- Ecologically clean technologies;
- Conformability.

- ✓The part of water power plants production power in all electricity system of Azerbaijan is 17-18%
- ✓ That is 11.4 % of all produced electrical energy in Azerbaijan
- ✓ There is possibility to increase value of WPS 3-4 times

Hydropower potential of Azerbaijan

- Total hydropower potential of Azerbaijan 34 40 bln kwt/hour *also*:
- Technical suitable potential- 16.0 bln kwt/hour
- Small hydropower plants can produce 5.0 bln kwt/ hour

Possible to save 850 000 tons of oil per year

Biomass Energy

Biomass sources of Azerbaijan

- Flammable industrial waste;
- Forestry and woodworking waste;
- Agricultural and organic compounds' waste;
- Household and municipal waste;
- Waste received from areas polluted by oil and oil production

Cooperation of Azerbaijan with international organizations on alternative energy

- Cooperation with *Europe Union* on alternative and renewable energy sources development;
- Asian Development Bank "Technical support of the Ministry of Industry and Energy of Azerbaijan in renewable energy resources development (small hydropower)";
- "Technical support of Azerbaijan in development of renewable energy sources (wind energy and small hydropower)" *United* Nations Development Programme;

Azerbaijan Natural Hazards



Earthquake



Landslide



Mud Volcano

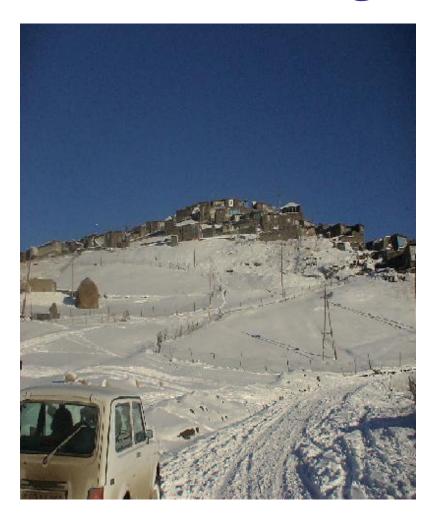


Sea-level rise

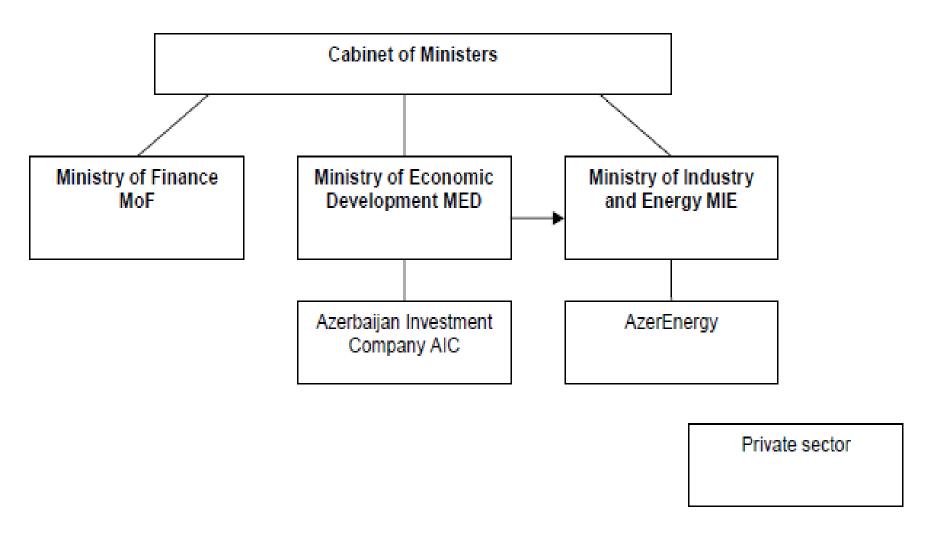


Flooding

Hybrid alternative energy plant for mountainous Khinalig village



Institutional Assessment



The State Program on Use of Alternative and Renewable Energy Sources in Azerbaijan Republic (2005-2013)

Goals of the program:

- To determine potential of alternative energy sources in the production of electrical power;
- To increase the efficiency of the usage of the energy sources of the country by using renewable energy sources;
- To open new work places by opening new energy production areas;
- To guarantee of energy security of the country by using of alternative energy sources.

Barriers to development of alternative and renewable energy in Azerbaijan

- Legislative barriers
- Institutional barriers
- Financial barriers
- Public awareness

Constraints for "green economy" and "green business" applications in Azerbaijan

- Legislative gaps and statistical problems
- Lack of environmental priority
- "Resource curse" and "Dutch disease" (to narrow FDI, crude dependence, lack of operative decision making, clashes of interest)
- Weak institutional coordination
- Sluggish technological transfers
- Lack of professionals on "energy economics" and "ecological economics"
- Non adequate relations with relevant regional and global institutions (WB, IFC, EBRD, UNEP, IPCC)

Opportunities for "green economy" and "green business" applications in Azerbaijan

- Government's increased financial power to subsidy "green grants"
- Stabile employment level and labor market to promote "green jobs"
- Favorable natural and geographical conditions
- Young and dynamic labor force
- Company lobbies don't impact official decision making deeply
- Huge resources of civil society and mass media

Thank you!