

Discussion Paper Series

WATER



No 5. The challenges of sanitation provision in urban poor communities in Africa

Martin Mulenga

This paper discusses the common constraints to the provision of

improved sanitation services to people living in low-income urban communities in Africa. This paper also shows that, for the Millennium Development Goal target on sanitation to be achieved, there is a need to develop effective links between communities and sanitation agencies and to use cheaper alternative sanitation technologies.

2008, ISBN 978-1-84369-696-4, US\$20.00, Order No. 10554IIED, 47pp

No 6. Lessons from Karachi: The role of demonstration, documentation, mapping and relationship building in advocacy for improved urban sanitation and water services

Arif Pervaiz, Perween Rahman and Arif Hasan

The aim of this paper is to highlight the importance of sanitation mapping and documentation for effective relationship building and advocacy with both government and communities.

2008, ISBN 978-1-84369-712-1, US\$20.00, Order No. 10560IIED, 100pp

Coming soon!

In early 2009, a series of working papers will be published that look at urban water and sanitation issues in a range of countries including Angola, India, Pakistan, Argentina and Ghana. Visit www.iied.org/pubs for regular updates.

Other past papers in the series look at informal water vendors, local water and sanitation companies, governance and the private sector and privatization and the provision of urban water and sanitation.

CLIMATE CHANGE AND CITIES

No 1. Adapting to climate change in urban areas: the possibilities and constraints in low- and middle-income nations

David Satterthwaite, Saleem Huq, Mark Pelling, Hannah Reid and Patricia Lankao-Romero

This paper discusses the possibilities and constraints for adaptation to climate change in urban areas in low- and middle-income nations.

2007, ISBN 978-1-84369-669-8, US\$20.00, Order No. 10549IIED, 112pp

No 2. Climate change and urban children: impacts and implications for adaptation in low- and middle-income countries

Sheridan Bartlett

This paper discusses the probable impacts for children of different ages from the increasing risk of storms, flooding, landslides, heat waves, drought and water supply constraints that climate change is likely to bring to most urban centres in Africa, Asia and Latin America. It also explores the implications for adaptation, focusing on preparedness as well as responses to extreme events and to changes in weather patterns.

2008, ISBN 978-1-84369-705-3, US\$20.00, Order No. 10556IIED, 74pp

No 3. Towards pro-poor adaptation to climate change in the urban centres of low- and middle-income countries

Caroline Moser and David Satterthwaite

This paper outlines a framework for adaptation to climate change for urban area in low- and middle-income nations that is pro-poor and that enhances the capacity of low-income households and community organizations to contribute to such adaptation.

2008, ISBN 978-1-84369-722-0, US\$20.00, Order No. 10564IIED, 40pp

URBAN CHANGE

No 4. The transition to a predominantly urban world and its underpinnings

David Satterthwaite

This paper describes the dramatic changes in the size of the world's urban population and of its largest cities over the last 100 years. But the paper also explains how and why the world is actually less urbanized and less dominated by large cities than expected and questions whether rapid urbanization will continue in Africa.

2007, ISBN 1 84369 560 X, US\$20.00, Order No. 10550IIED, 92pp

Other past papers in the series look at the importance of small urban centres and large villages, ecological and development issues for poor and vulnerable populations and the scale of urban change worldwide from 1950 to 2000.

URBAN ENVIRONMENT

No 1. Urban environments, wealth and health; shifting burdens and possible responses in low- and middle-income nations

Gordon McGranahan

This paper examines urban health in low- and middle-income countries, in relation

to two sets of environmental issues: persistent local environmental health burdens, and most notably the water, sanitation and housing deficiencies prevalent in poor neighbourhoods; and emerging global environmental burdens that will be experienced in urban areas, and most notably those associated with climate change.

2007, ISBN 978-1-84369-681-0, US\$20.00, Order No. 10553IIED, 52pp

Urban Poverty Reduction Working Papers



No 18. Urban Poor Funds: development by the people for the people

Diana Mitlin

In ten nations, a new kind of finance agency, Urban Poor Funds, are working with

federations of savings groups formed by slum or shack dwellers or homeless people. These funds support the members of these federations to obtain better quality shelter with basic services, by providing finance systems that serve their needs.

2008, ISBN 978-1-84369-709-1, US\$20.00, Order No. 10559IIED, 84pp

No 19. Community finance: the news from Asia and Africa. Report of a workshop held in November 2007

Asian Coalition for Housing Rights

During the last 15 years, savings-based community mobilization and organization has grown to maturity. This report summarises the discussions that took place in November 2007 at a meeting in Thailand, which drew together community savers from 20 countries across Africa and Asia.

2008, ISBN 978-1-84369-715-2, US\$20.00, Order No. 10561IIED, 80pp

Other papers in this series look at the work of Urban Poor Federations, the role of Savings Groups, case studies of urban poverty reduction experiences, the under-estimation of urban poverty and community-driven options for poverty reduction.

Poverty Lines Working Papers

Coming soon!

In early 2009, a series of working papers will be published that examine the relevance and accuracy of poverty-lines that are currently in use in a range of cities. Visit www.iied.org/pubs for regular updates.

Rural–Urban Linkages Working Papers



No 14. Urbanization and rural development in Vietnam's Mekong Delta: Livelihood transformations in three fruit-growing settlements

Hoang Xuan Thanh, Dinh Thi Thu Phuong,

Nguyen Thu Huong and Cecilia Tacoli

In recent years, the poverty rate among fruit farmers in the rural Mekong Delta has declined more rapidly than among all rural households in the region and in Vietnam. The findings from this paper suggest that the main driver of rural development is a positive reciprocal relationship between urban centres and farming and a strong role for small towns in local economic growth and poverty reduction.

2008, ISBN 978-1-84369-704-6, US\$20.00, Order No. 10555IIED, 73pp

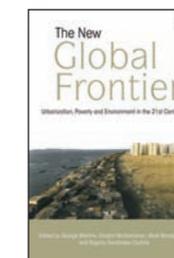
Coming soon!

In early 2009 we will be publishing the full reports of a multi-country research project on 'Governance for local development in small urban centres: addressing the challenges and opportunities of increasing migration and mobility', with case studies from India, the Philippines, China, Senegal, Pakistan and Mexico.

Other papers in this series describe the links between urbanization and rural development and between rural and urban poverty reduction, and include case studies from China, Vietnam, Nepal, India, Mali, Tanzania and Nigeria.

For further information and to download Human Settlements publications free of charge please visit www.iied.org/pubs

IIED Human Settlements books with Earthscan



The New Global Frontier: Urbanization, Poverty and Environment in the 21st Century

Edited by George Martine, Gordon McGranahan, Mark Montgomery and

Rogelio Fernández-Castilla

The world's developing countries will be experiencing massive increases in their urban populations over the 21st century. If managed intelligently and humanely, this growth can pave the way to sustainable development; otherwise, it will favour higher levels of inequality and environmental stress. Chapters look at: demography of